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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/852,880	05/10/2001	Geroge M. Savagle	FEM-0051	5169	
27777	7590 06/30/2003				
AUDLEY A. CIAMPORCERO JR.			EXAMINER		
JOHNSON & JOHNSON			MENDEZ, MANUEL A		
	ON & JOHNSON PLAZA		·		
NEW BRUNS	WICK, NJ 08933-7003		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3763		
			DATE MAILED: 06/30/2003		
				\circ	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary Examiner							
Manuel Mendez The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SiX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
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ANTA Objects 200 M interpretable and in the application							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>36-41</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>36-41</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 4. 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:							

Art Unit: 3763

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, as disclosed in claim 8, a "second inflow container" in fluid communication with a pump must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Objections

Claims 38-41 are objected to because of the following informalities:

The examiner of record objects to subject matter in the claims that is not properly described in the disclosure of this application. Accordingly, any reference to a "second inflow container" connected to a "pump" is considered inappropriate since this limitation is not fully described by the disclosure. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

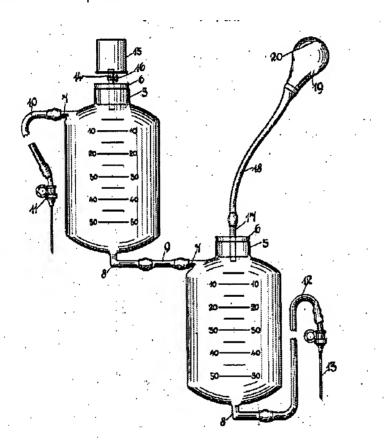
The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claims 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schmidt, et al. The cited patent discloses a first inflow container for storing fluid introduced into the patient; a pump coupled to the first inflow container for assisting fluid from the first inflow container into the patient; and an outflow container for storing fluid collected from the patient.



The figure above shows a first inflow container (5), a pump (19) coupled to the first inflow container (5), and an outflow container (3). Accordingly, Schmidt, et al, anticipates claims 36 and 37.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

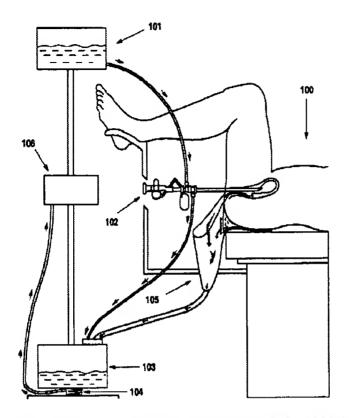
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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

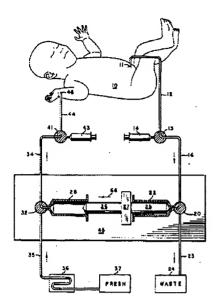
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Claims 38-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vancaillie, et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,522,805 in view of TU, U.S. Patent Number 4,457,747. The Vancaillie, et al. Patent shows in figure 9, a surgical fluid monitor comprising of a first inflow container (101) and an outflow container (103).

As shown above, the apparatus uses gravity as a substitute for a pump to infuse fluids into the body of the patient. The examiner of record introduces the TU Patent to demonstrate that it is well known that gravity infusion and pump infusion are substitutable conventional alternatives.

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Please note in figure 2 of the TU Patent, the use of a pump to infuse and to suction fluids to and from the body. By using a pump, the Tu Patent eliminates the requirement of a pole to increase or decrease flow rate. Accordingly a person of ordinary skill in the art would have considered gravity infusion and pump infusion obvious design alternatives.

Finally, the Vancaillie, et al. Patent uses a system that simultaneously measures the weight of the inflow container(s) and the outflow container to determine the fluid retention and fluid loss. Instead of using one sensor, the applicant uses multiple sensors to measure the weight of the inflow and outflow containers separately. However, duplicating the components of a prior art device is a design consideration within the skill in the art. In re Harza, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA1960). Therefore, for a person of ordinary skill in the art, the use of multiple sensors to measure weight would have been considered an obvious design alternative.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Manuel Mendez whose telephone number is 703-308-2221. The examiner can normally be reached on 0730-1800 hrs.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Brian Casler can be reached on 703-308-3552. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3590 for regular communications and 703-305-3590 for After Final communications.

Manuel Mendez
Primary Examiner

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June 23, 2003